

OMAN

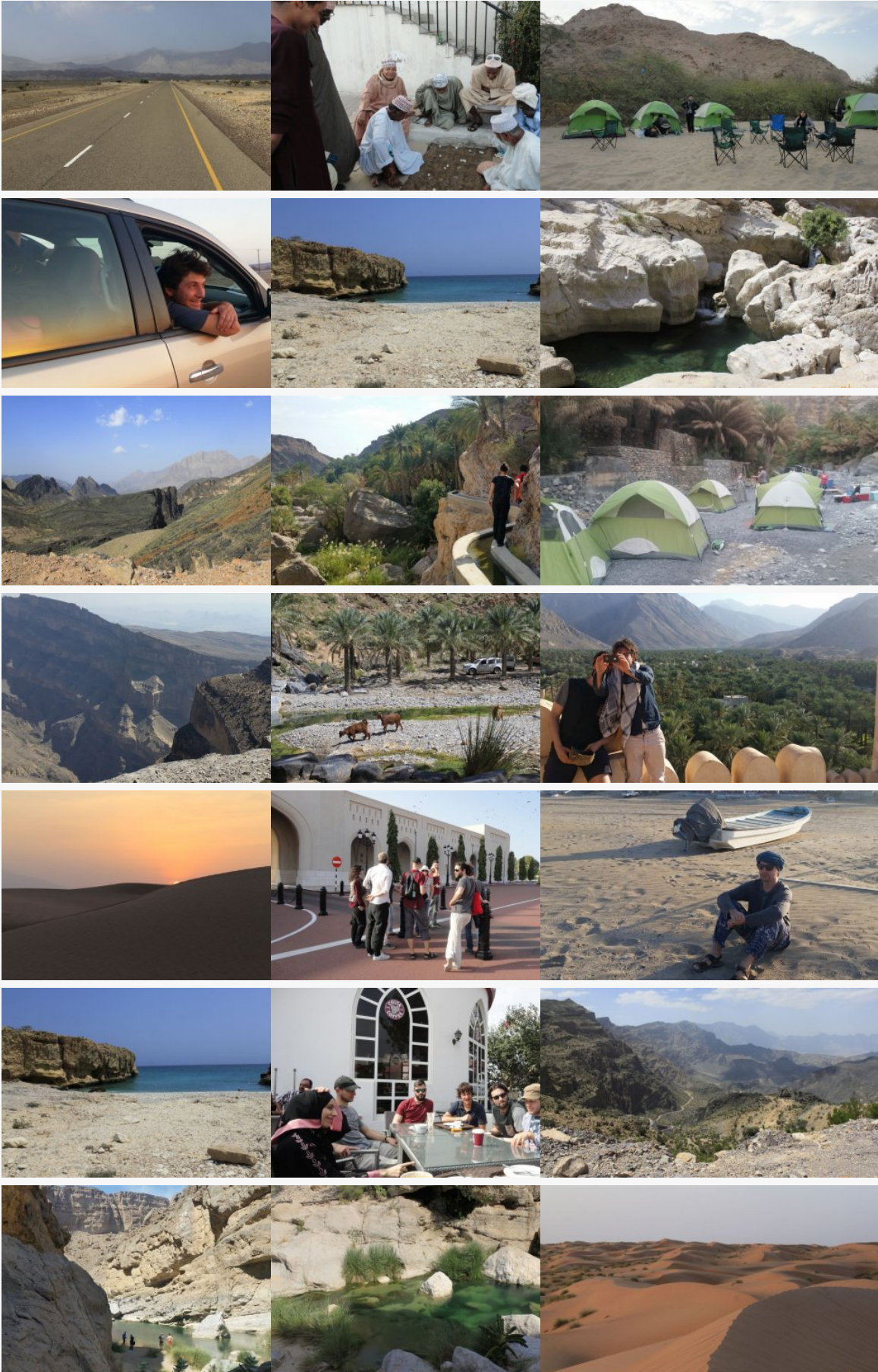
Oman is a fascinating country both in terms of its politics and its scenery. Slavery was legal in the sultanate until 50 years ago, and education was limited to Koran schools. When oil extraction made Oman wealthy in little time, its authoritarian leader, Sultan Qaboos Ibn Said, modernized the country's economy and society.



The benefits to education and health are impressive: All Omanis can attend schools and government universities and be treated in hospitals free of charge in an extensive infrastructure that services even the most remote villages.

Sultan Qaboos is pursuing a balanced policy and cultivating good relationships—not only with the USA and Saudi Arabia but also with Iran. Not surprisingly, the secret negotiations on Iran's nuclear program took place in Muscat.

Contemporary Oman is much calmer and less pretentious than its neighbors on the Gulf. The sultanate has a rich historical legacy—in the 18th century, it spanned vast reaches of the Indian Ocean—as well as breath-taking scenery between deserts and ocean. Unspoiled sandy beaches, historical forts, oases, natural pools in valleys, lunar landscapes, and rugged mountains invite us to discover the thinly populated country with four wheels and a tent.





Unsere Highlights

The wadis

Climbing on rocks, swimming in natural pools, sliding down waterfalls for hours on end without meeting a soul: All that is possible in Oman's many well-watered valleys.

Muscat

Muscat, Oman's capital and largest city as well as the eponymous province, has been influenced by Arab cultures as well as those of India, Pakistan, and Zanzibar due to the sultanate's far-flung colonies and many foreign traders. The cuisine is very varied and there are a multitude of tourist attractions: Muscat features not just the traditional Muttrah district with its historical forts, palaces, and huge souk, but also trendy beach cafés, oversized malls, and modern architectural highlights like the Sultan Qaboos Grand Mosque and the Royal Opera House.

Die Küste

Endless sandy beaches and lonely coves beckon us to swim, snorkel, and camp along 1,700 kilometers of coastline. From small fishing boats on the high sea, we observe whales, dolphins, and marine life. A definite highlight of the trip is watching sea turtles take shore leave under a full moon.

Encounters

We actively seek dialogue with the local population—creative artists, students, fishers, and rural residents. As we do, we often experience indescribable hospitality.

The Al-Hajar Mountains

We stay overnight in the "Grand Canyon" of the Arabian Peninsula, ascend the region's highest peak, hike through deserted villages, and traverse the mountains on adventurous gravel paths carrying with us locally grown pomegranates and dates.

Rimal al Wahiba

Sand dunes stretching to the horizon, strolls at twilight, total silence, and a picture book starry sky: We have plenty of time to reflect around our desert campfire.

Dhofar

The incense from Oman's far south has been famous for millennia. The only part of the Arabia Peninsula to be touched by the monsoon is blanketed by green plants and grasses in August and September—a surreal sight in this desert-like region.

Useful country-specific information

Health & vaccination

No special vaccinations are needed for a stay in Oman. Medical facilities in Maskat have a good standard and guarantee a basic level of medical care in rural areas. In order to prevent cases of diarrhea, however, we recommend to avoid drinking tap water.

When it comes to the **Corona virus** (COVID-19), we follow the recommendations made by the [German Federal Foreign Office](#) as well as the local authorities and the German Embassy on site. In case of any change of the health situation, the tour might be subject to according changes we will inform you about as soon as possible.

Language

The official language in Oman is Arabic. Due to the history of sea trade, there are several minority languages spoken throughout the country, such as Suaheli or Jabali in the South of the country. Due to the high amount of Pakistani and Indian labor migrants, Urdu and Hindi are widely spread languages as well. English is lingua franca and will serve you well while travelling.

Local currency

The official currency in Oman is the Omani Rial (OMR). It is very easy to exchange money (Euros or US Dollars) anywhere in the country or to withdraw cash with a debit or credit card, as the banks have numerous branches. We recommend to take a part of the money in cash, and take a debit or credit card with you as well. Withdrawal fees might vary according to the regulations of your home bank.

Security

Although Oman is deemed a very safe tourist country, the issue of security plays a big role.

In planning out tours, we follow the recommendations and statements issued by the German Federal Foreign Office. Our route only leads us through areas deemed safe by the Office. While doing so, we keep close contact with the German Embassy and local authorities on the ground. In case of any change of the security situation, the tour route might be subject to according changes.

Visa

Visa are provided upon arrival at the airports in Mascat and Salalah. It is thus not necessary to apply for a visa at the Omani Embassy in Germany. To receive a visa upon arrival, you need a passport with a minimum six months validity at the time of travel. The visa fee is 10 Omani Rial for 10 days and 25 Omani rial for up to 30 days.

Visa regulations might change at any time. If so, we will inform you in time before the tour start. Please let us know as soon as possible if you have any Israeli stamps in your passport, and/or do not wish to travel with your German passport.

For general information on our tours please click [here](#)

